



$P(\cos \theta, \sin \theta)$ ($\theta > 0, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$) とする

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a \cos \theta + b \sin \theta \\ a \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \neq 1 \quad \alpha (a \cos \theta + b \sin \theta, a \sin \theta), \quad R(a \cos \theta + b \sin \theta, 0)$$

$$\frac{|OQ|}{|OP|} = |a \cos \theta + b \sin \theta| = \left| \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \left(\cos \theta \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} + \sin \theta \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right) \right| = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} |\sin(\theta + \alpha)|$$

* α は $0 \leq \alpha < 2\pi$, $\sin \alpha = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$, $\cos \alpha = \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$ を満たす定数

$\frac{|OQ|}{|OP|}$ の最大値が 2 であり $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = 2$ ①

$$\frac{|OQ|}{|OP|} = \sqrt{a^2 \cos^2 \theta + 2ab \sin \theta \cos \theta + b^2 \sin^2 \theta + a^2 \sin^2 \theta} = \sqrt{a^2 + ab \sin 2\theta + b^2 (1 - \cos 2\theta)} = \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2} + \sin 2\theta \cdot ab - \cos 2\theta \cdot \frac{b^2}{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2} + \sqrt{a^2 b + \frac{b^4}{4}} \left(\sin 2\theta \frac{ab}{\sqrt{a^2 b + \frac{b^4}{4}}} - \cos 2\theta \frac{b^2}{2\sqrt{a^2 b + \frac{b^4}{4}}} \right)} = \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2} + \sqrt{a^2 b + \frac{b^4}{4}} \sin(2\theta - \beta)}$$

* β は $0 \leq \beta < 2\pi$, $\sin \beta = \frac{b^2}{2\sqrt{a^2 b + \frac{b^4}{4}}}$, $\cos \beta = \frac{ab}{\sqrt{a^2 b + \frac{b^4}{4}}}$ を満たす定数

$a^2 = A, b^2 = B$ と置く

$\frac{|OQ|}{|OP|}$ の最大値と最小値の比が 3 であり $\frac{\sqrt{A + \frac{B}{2} + \sqrt{AB + \frac{B^2}{4}}}}{\sqrt{A + \frac{B}{2} - \sqrt{AB + \frac{B^2}{4}}}} = 3$ $A + \frac{B}{2} + \sqrt{AB + \frac{B^2}{4}} = 9A + \frac{9}{2}B - 9\sqrt{AB + \frac{B^2}{4}}$

$$4\sqrt{8A + 4B} = 5\sqrt{AB + \frac{B^2}{4}}, \quad 16A^2 + 16AB + 4B^2 = 25AB + \frac{25}{4}B^2, \quad 16A^2 - 9AB - \frac{9}{4}B^2 = 0$$

① かつ $A+B=4, 16A^2 - 9A(-A+4) - \frac{9}{4}(-A+4)^2 = 0, 16A^2 + 9A^2 - 36A - \frac{9}{4}A^2 + 18A - 36 = 0$

$$\frac{9}{4}A^2 - 18A - 36 = 0, \quad A = \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{81 + 819}}{\frac{9}{4}} = \frac{36 \pm 4 \cdot 30}{9}$$

$A > 0$ かつ $A = \frac{156}{9} = \frac{12}{7}, a = \pm \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7}} = \pm \frac{2\sqrt{21}}{7}$

$B = \frac{16}{7}, b = \pm \frac{4}{\sqrt{7}} = \pm \frac{4\sqrt{7}}{7}$

よって $(a, b) = \left(\frac{2\sqrt{21}}{7}, \frac{4\sqrt{7}}{7}\right), \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{21}}{7}, \frac{4\sqrt{7}}{7}\right), \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{21}}{7}, -\frac{4\sqrt{7}}{7}\right), \left(\frac{2\sqrt{21}}{7}, -\frac{4\sqrt{7}}{7}\right)$

91
x 9
819

120
+ 36
156

7/91
13

2156
2178
3/33
13