



$y = -\frac{1}{x}$ 上の点 $(x, -\frac{1}{x})$ における接線の方程式は

$$y + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x^2}(x-x) \quad x^2 y + x = x - x$$

$$\text{これが } (p, q) \text{ を通るから } q x^2 + x = p - x \quad x^2 + \frac{2}{x} x - \frac{p}{q} = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

A, B の座標を $(\alpha, -\frac{1}{\alpha}), (\beta, -\frac{1}{\beta})$ ($\alpha < \beta$) とすると.

$$\vec{PA} = (\alpha - p, -\frac{1}{\alpha} - q), \vec{PB} = (\beta - p, -\frac{1}{\beta} - q) \text{ かつ}$$

$$\text{三角形 PAB の面積は } \frac{1}{2} |(\alpha - p)(-\frac{1}{\beta} - q) - (-\frac{1}{\alpha} - q)(\beta - p)| = \frac{1}{2} | \frac{\alpha}{\beta} - \alpha q + \frac{p}{\beta} + p q + \frac{\beta}{\alpha} - \frac{p}{\alpha} + \beta q - p q |$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} | \frac{\beta^2 - \alpha^2}{\alpha\beta} + (\beta - \alpha)q + p \frac{-\beta + \alpha}{\alpha\beta} | = \frac{1}{2} (\beta - \alpha) | \frac{\alpha + \beta - p}{\alpha\beta} + q | \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\alpha, \beta \text{ は (1) の解であるから } \alpha + \beta = -\frac{2}{q}, \alpha\beta = -\frac{p}{q}, (\beta - \alpha)^2 = (\alpha + \beta)^2 - 4\alpha\beta = \frac{4}{q^2} + 4\frac{p}{q} = \frac{4}{q^2}(p q + 1)$$

$$\beta - \alpha > 0 \text{ かつ } \beta - \alpha = \frac{2}{q} \sqrt{p q + 1}$$

$$\text{(2)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{q} \sqrt{p q + 1} | \frac{-\frac{2}{q} - p}{-\frac{p}{q}} + q | = \frac{\sqrt{p q + 1}}{q} | \frac{p q + 2}{p} + q | = \frac{\sqrt{p q + 1}}{q} (2q + \frac{2}{p}) = 2\sqrt{p q + 1} (1 + \frac{1}{p q}) = 2\sqrt{t+1} (\frac{1}{t} + 1)$$

$$S(t) = 2\sqrt{t+1} (\frac{1}{t} + 1) \quad (t > 0) \text{ とすると}$$

$$S'(t) = 2 \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{t+1}} (\frac{1}{t} + 1) + 2\sqrt{t+1} (-\frac{1}{t^2}) = \frac{t+t^2-2(t+1)}{t^2\sqrt{t+1}} = \frac{t^2-t-2}{t^2\sqrt{t+1}} = \frac{(t+1)(t-2)}{t^2\sqrt{t+1}} \text{ かつ } S'(t) = 0 \text{ かつ } t = 2$$

t	...	2	...
S'(t)	-	0	+
S(t)	↘	3√3	↗

S(t) の増減表は左表

よってこの面積の最小値は $3\sqrt{3}$

$$\ast S(2) = 2\sqrt{3} (\frac{1}{2} + 1) = 3\sqrt{3}$$