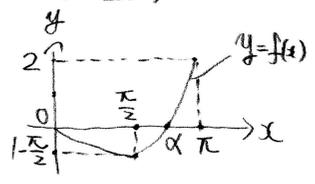


(1) $f(x) = \sin x - \sin x - x \cos x = -x \cos x$ $f(x) = 0$ のとき $x = 0, \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi$ (π は任意の整数)

x	0	...	$\frac{\pi}{2}$...	π
$f'(x)$	0	-	0	+	+
$f(x)$	0	↓	$-\frac{\pi}{2}$	↑	2

$0 \leq x \leq \pi$ のとき
 $f(x)$ の増減表は左表
 $f(x)$ のグラフは右図
 よて $0 < x < \pi$ において
 $f(x) = 0$ は唯一の解を持つ



(2) $J = \int_0^\alpha (-1 + \cos x + x \sin x) dx + \int_\alpha^\pi (1 - \cos x - x \sin x) dx = [-x + \sin x]_0^\alpha + \int_0^\alpha x(-\cos x)' dx + [x - \sin x]_\alpha^\pi + \int_\alpha^\pi x(\cos x)' dx$
 $= -\alpha + \sin \alpha + [-x \cos x]_0^\alpha + \int_0^\alpha \cos x dx + \pi - \alpha + \sin \alpha + [x \cos x]_\alpha^\pi - \int_\alpha^\pi \cos x dx$
 $= -\alpha + \sin \alpha - \alpha \cos \alpha + [\sin x]_0^\alpha + \pi - \alpha + \sin \alpha - \pi - \alpha \cos \alpha - [\sin x]_\alpha^\pi$
 $= -2\alpha + 2\sin \alpha - 2\alpha \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha + \sin \alpha = -2\alpha + 4\sin \alpha - 2\alpha \cos \alpha$

$\because \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \neq 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \sin^2 \alpha$. (1)より $\frac{\pi}{2} < \alpha < \pi$ より $\cos \alpha < 0$ より $\cos \alpha = -\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}$

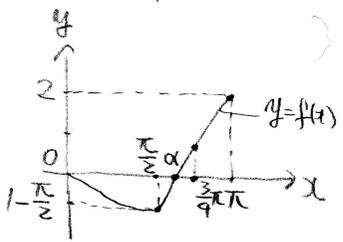
$1 - \cos \alpha - \alpha \sin \alpha = 0$ より $1 + \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} - \alpha \sin \alpha = 0$. $\alpha = \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}}{\sin \alpha}$

よて $J = -2 \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}}{\sin \alpha} + 4\sin \alpha + 2 \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}}{\sin \alpha} \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{-2 - 2\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} + 4\sin^2 \alpha + 2\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} + 2 - 2\sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$
 $= \frac{2\sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = 2\sin \alpha$

(3) $f(\frac{3}{4}\pi) = 1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{3}{4}\pi \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{2} + 4 - 3\pi}{4\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + 1 - \frac{3}{4}\pi}{\sqrt{2}}$

$\sqrt{2} + 1 - \frac{3}{4}\pi > 1.4 + 1 - 0.75 \times 3.2 = 0$ より $f(\frac{3}{4}\pi) > 0$

0.75	
x 3.2	
2.5	
2.9 > 0	



よて左図より $\frac{\pi}{2} < \alpha < \frac{3}{4}\pi$
 右図より $\sin \alpha > \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
 $2\sin \alpha > \sqrt{2}$. $J > \sqrt{2}$

