

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_0^1 \{f(x)^2 + a^2 x^2 + b^2 - 2axf(x) - 2bf(x) + 2abx\} dx = \int_0^1 f(x)^2 dx + a^2 \left[\frac{x^3}{3}\right]_0^1 + b^2 [x]_0^1 - 2a \cdot 3 - 2b \cdot 2 + 2ab \left[\frac{x^2}{2}\right]_0^1 \\
& = \int_0^1 f(x)^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}a^2 + b^2 - 6a - 4b + 2ab = \int_0^1 f(x)^2 dx + \frac{1}{3}a^2 + (b-6)a + b^2 - 4b \\
& = \int_0^1 f(x)^2 dx + \frac{1}{3} \{a^2 + 3(b-6)a + \frac{9}{4}(b-6)^2\} - \frac{3}{4}(b-6)^2 + b^2 - 4b = \int_0^1 f(x)^2 dx + \frac{1}{3} \{a + \frac{3}{2}(b-6)\}^2 - \frac{3}{4}b^2 + 9b - 27 + b^2 - 4b \\
& = \int_0^1 f(x)^2 dx + \frac{1}{3} \{a + \frac{3}{2}(b-6)\}^2 + \frac{1}{4}b^2 + 5b - 27 = \int_0^1 f(x)^2 dx + \frac{1}{3} \{a + \frac{3}{2}(b-6)\}^2 + \frac{1}{4}(b^2 + 20b + 100) - 25 - 27 \\
& = \int_0^1 f(x)^2 dx + \frac{1}{3} \{a + \frac{3}{2}(b-6)\}^2 + \frac{1}{4}(b+10)^2 - 52.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore 2 \quad b = -10, \quad a - 24 = 0, \quad a = 24$$