



x と平面で、 $0 \leq y \leq 1$, $y \leq x \leq y+1$ を満たすのは左図の斜線部である

$$\begin{aligned}
 1+x+y-3(x-y)y &= 1+x+y-3xy+3y^2 \\
 &= 3\left\{y^2 + \left(-x+\frac{1}{3}\right)y + \left(-\frac{1}{3}x+\frac{1}{6}\right)^2\right\} - 3\left(\frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{1}{6}x + \frac{1}{36}\right) + x + 1 \\
 &= 3\left(y - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{6}\right)^2 - \frac{3}{4}x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{11}{12} \\
 &= 3\left(y - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{6}\right)^2 - \frac{3}{4}(x^2 - 2x + 1) + \frac{20}{12} = 3\left(y - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{6}\right)^2 - \frac{3}{4}(x-1)^2 + \frac{5}{3} \\
 x=0, 2 \text{ のとき, } y & \text{ は } -\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{3} = \frac{-9+20}{12} = \frac{11}{12} > 0 \text{ であるから,} \\
 0 \leq y \leq 1, y \leq x \leq y+1 \text{ のとき, } & 1+x+y-3(x-y)y > 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

この立体を平面 $y=k$ で切ると、長方形の面積は、

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_k^{k+1} \{1+x+k-3(x-k)k\} dx &= \int_k^{k+1} \{(-3k+1)x + 3k^2+k+1\} dx \\
 &= \left[(-3k+1)\frac{x^2}{2} + (3k^2+k+1)x\right]_k^{k+1} = \left(-\frac{3}{2}k + \frac{1}{2}\right)\{(k+1)^2 - k^2\} + (3k^2+k+1)(k+1-k) \\
 &= \left(-\frac{3}{2}k + \frac{1}{2}\right)(2k+1) + 3k^2+k+1 = -3k^2 - \frac{3}{2}k + k + \frac{1}{2} + 3k^2+k+1 = \frac{1}{2}k + \frac{3}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

求める体積は $\int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{2}k + \frac{3}{2}\right) dk = \left[\frac{1}{4}k^2 + \frac{3}{2}k\right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{7}{4}$