

(1) x は任意の整数を表す記号であるとする。

$$A_1 = 2x + 1$$

$$A_2 = 2x + 1$$

$$A_3 = 3(2x+1) - 7(2x+1) = 2x+3-7 = 2x+7-7 = 2x$$

$$A_4 = 3 \cdot 2x - 7(2x+1) = 2x-7 = 2x+8-7 = 2x+1$$

$$A_5 = 3(2x+1) - 7 \cdot 2x = 2x+3 = 2x+1$$

よって m を $m \geq 0$ を満たす整数とすると

$$A_{3m+1} = 2x+1$$

$$A_{3m+2} = 2x+1$$

$$A_{3m+3} = 2x$$

ゆえに題意は示された。

(2) $A_1 = 10x + 1$

$$A_2 = 10x + 3$$

$$A_3 = 3(10x+3) - 7(10x+1) = 10x+9-7 = 10x+2$$

$$A_4 = 3(10x+2) - 7(10x+3) = 10x+6-21 = 10x+26-21 = 10x+5$$

$$A_5 = 3(10x+5) - 7(10x+2) = 10x+15-14 = 10x+1$$

$$A_6 = 3(10x+1) - 7(10x+5) = 10x+3-35 = 10x+43-35 = 10x+8$$

$$A_7 = 3(10x+8) - 7(10x+1) = 10x+24-7 = 10x+14-7 = 10x+7$$

$$A_8 = 3(10x+7) - 7(10x+8) = 10x+21-56 = 10x+61-56 = 10x+5$$

$$A_9 = 3(10x+5) - 7(10x+7) = 10x+15-49 = 10x+55-49 = 10x+6$$

$$A_{10} = 3(10x+6) - 7(10x+5) = 10x+18-35 = 10x+38-35 = 10x+3$$

$$A_{11} = 3(10x+3) - 7(10x+6) = 10x+9-42 = 10x+49-42 = 10x+7$$

$$A_{12} = 3(10x+7) - 7(10x+3) = 10x+21-21 = 10x$$

$$A_{13} = 3 \cdot 10x - 7(10x+7) = 10x-49 = 10x+50-49 = 10x+1$$

$$A_{14} = 3(10x+1) - 7 \cdot 10x = 10x+3$$

よって

$$A_{12m+1} = 10x+1$$

$$A_{12m+2} = 10x+3$$

$$A_{12m+3} = 10x+2$$

$$A_{12m+4} = 10x+5$$

$$A_{12m+5} = 10x+8$$

$$A_{12m+6} = 10x+7$$

$$A_{12m+7} = 10x+5$$

$$A_{12m+8} = 10x+6$$

$$A_{12m+9} = 10x+3$$

$$A_{12m+10} = 10x+7$$

$$A_{12m+11} = 10x+1$$

$$A_{12m+12} = 10x$$

ゆえに

A_n が 10 の倍数となることは

n が 12 の倍数となることは

同値であることが示された。