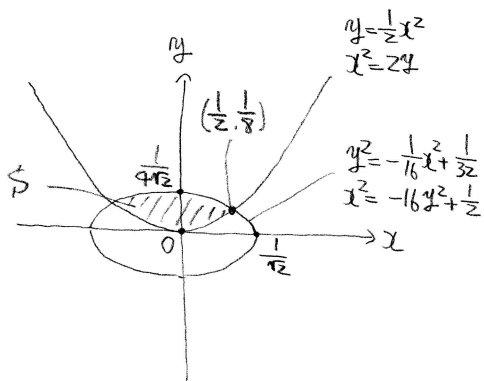


(1)



Sは左図の斜線部、境界線上の点を示す。

よ.2

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_1 &= 2 \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \left\{ \pi \left(-\frac{1}{16}x^2 + \frac{1}{32} \right) - \pi \frac{1}{4} x^4 \right\} dx \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{16} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} (-8x^4 - 2x^2 + 1) dx \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{16} \left[-8 \frac{x^5}{5} - 2 \frac{x^3}{3} + x \right]_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{16} \left(-\frac{8}{5} \frac{1}{32} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{16} \left(-\frac{1}{20} - \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{32} \left(-\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{6} + 1 \right) \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{32} \frac{-3-5+30}{30} = \frac{\pi}{32} \frac{22}{15} = \frac{11}{480} \pi
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 32 \\
 \times 15 \\
 \hline
 480
 \end{array}$$

$\times y = \frac{1}{2}x^2$ と $\frac{x^2}{4} + 4y^2 = \frac{1}{8}$ の交点は
 $\frac{x^2}{4} + 4 \frac{1}{4} x^4 = \frac{1}{8}$ $8x^4 + 2x^2 - 1 = 0$ $x^2 = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+8}}{8} = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{8} = -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}$
 $x^2 \geq 0$ より $x^2 = \frac{1}{4}$ $x = \pm \frac{1}{2}$ $y = \frac{1}{8}$ より $(\pm \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{8})$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_2 &= \int_0^{\frac{1}{8}} \pi \cdot 2y dy + \int_{\frac{1}{8}}^{\frac{1}{4}} \pi \left(-16y^2 + \frac{1}{2} \right) dy = 2\pi \left[\frac{y^2}{2} \right]_0^{\frac{1}{8}} + \pi \left[-16 \frac{y^3}{3} + \frac{1}{2} y \right]_{\frac{1}{8}}^{\frac{1}{4}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{64} \pi + \pi \left(-\frac{16}{3} \frac{1}{64 \cdot 24} + \frac{1}{8 \cdot 2} + \frac{16}{3} \frac{1}{64 \cdot 8} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{8} \right) = \frac{1}{64} \pi + \pi \left(-\frac{1}{24 \cdot 2} + \frac{3}{24 \cdot 2} + \frac{1}{96} - \frac{6}{96} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{64} \pi + \pi \left(\frac{1}{12 \cdot 2} - \frac{5}{96} \right) = \frac{3-10}{192} \pi + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{24} \pi = \frac{8\sqrt{2}-7}{192} \pi
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8 \\
 29 \overline{) 192} \\
 \underline{192} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

(2) $\frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{\frac{8\sqrt{2}-7}{192} \pi}{\frac{11}{480} \pi} = \frac{8\sqrt{2}-7}{192} \frac{480}{11} = \frac{40\sqrt{2}-35}{11} < \frac{40 \times 1.42 - 35}{11} = \frac{21.8}{11} < 1$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1.42 \\
 \times 40 \\
 \hline
 56.8
 \end{array}$$